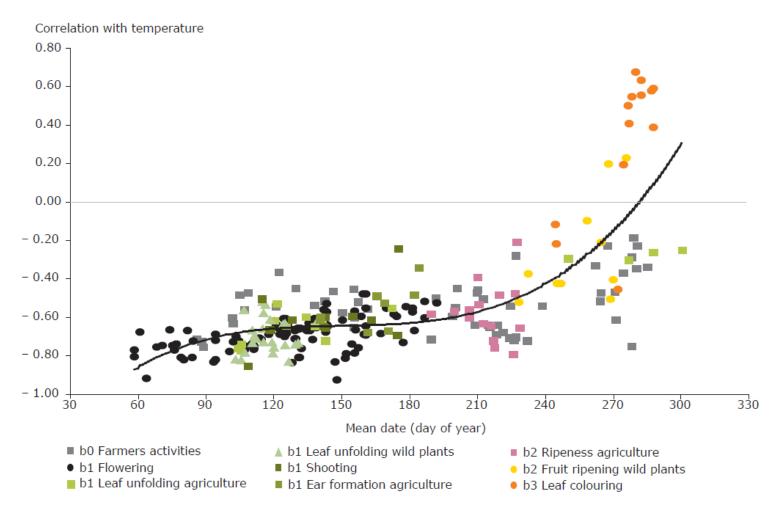
Reconciling phenological observations with flowering records in herbaria

Jonathan Davies
McGill University &
University of British
Columbia

William Pearse
Utah State University

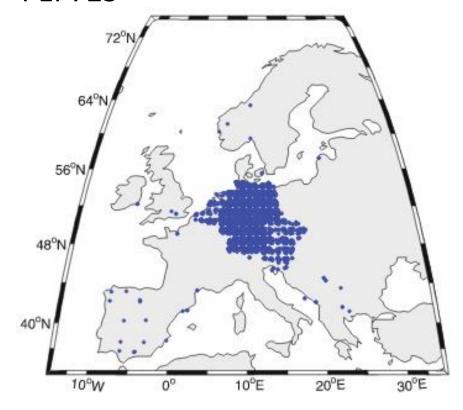


Change in time



Spatial, temporal and taxonomic distribution of phenological data highly uneven.

Pan European Phenology Project PEP725

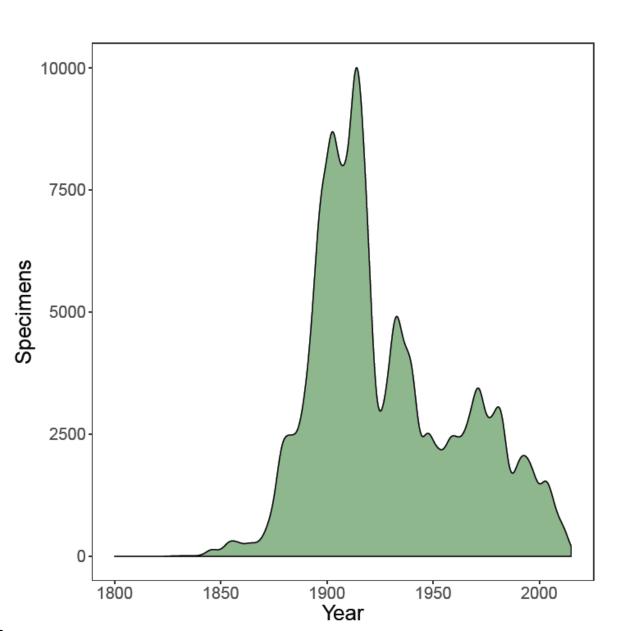






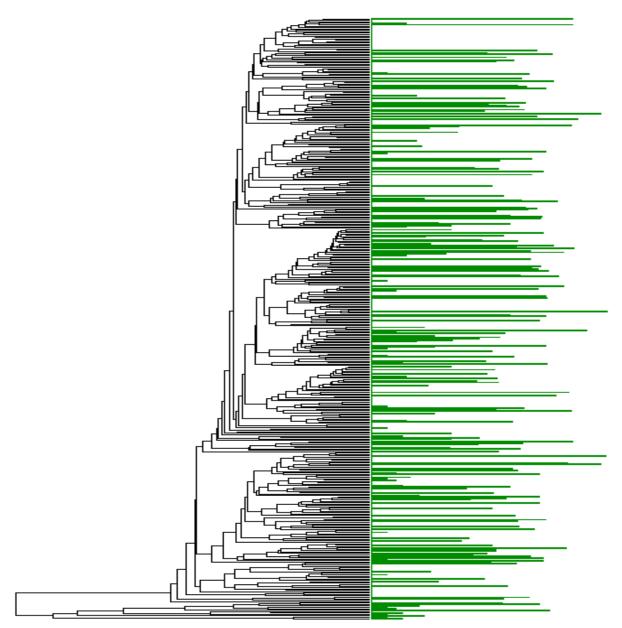
The herbaria of New England house more than half a million herbarium specimens.

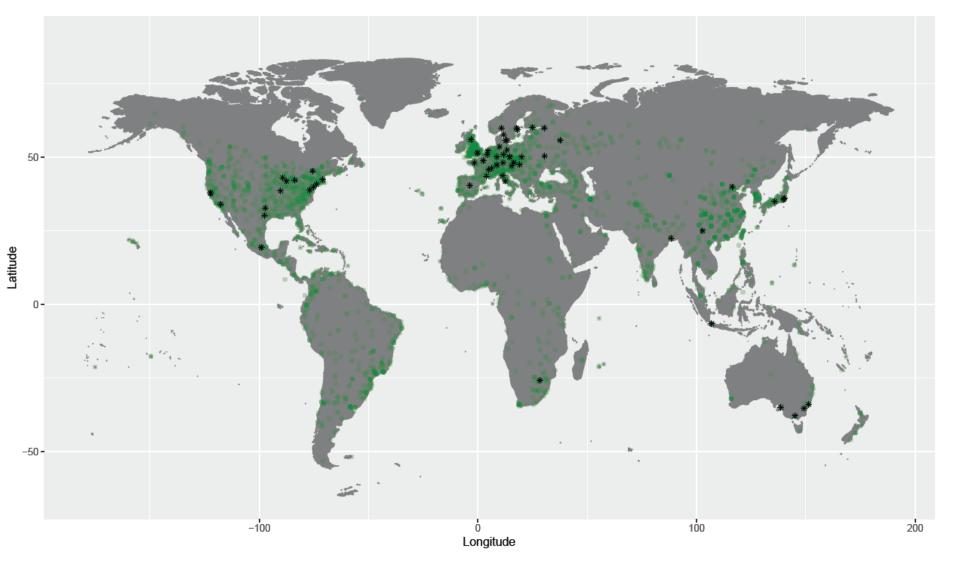
Can serve as baselines prior to anthropogenic change.



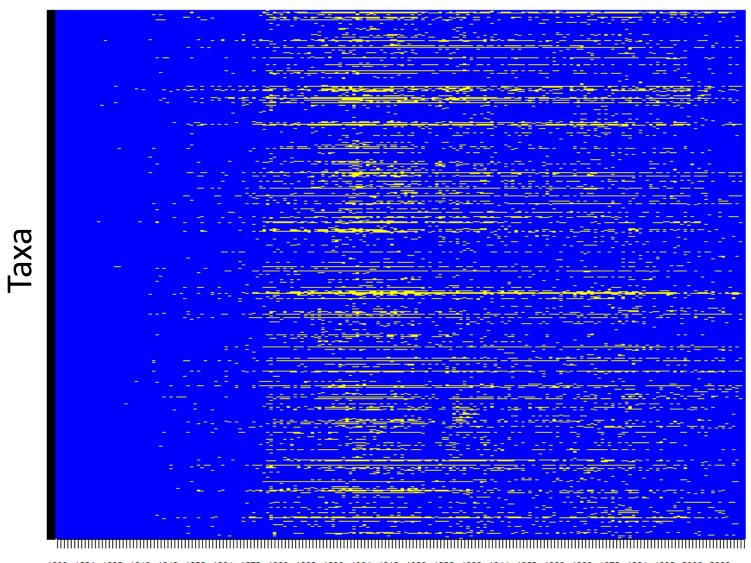
Meineke et al. Ecol. Monographs

.... and span most branches of the vascular plant tree of life





Herbaria are distributed worldwide, and many house >million specimens



1800 1824 1832 1840 1848 1856 1864 1872 1880 1888 1896 1904 1912 1920 1928 1936 1944 1952 1960 1968 1976 1984 1992 2000 2008

Herbarium specimens are a bit like German tanks ...





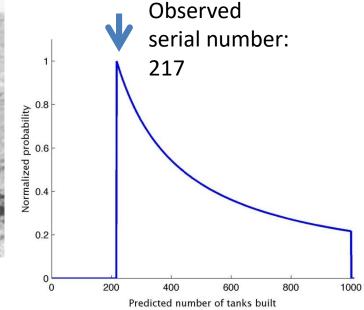


Month	Intelligence estimate
June 1940	1,000
June 1941	1,550
August 1942	1,550

The German Tank Problem



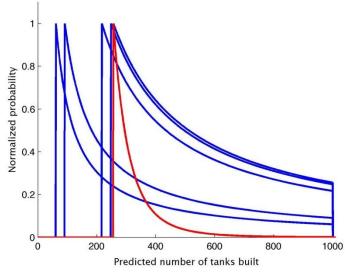
Month	Intelligence estimate
June 1940	1,000
June 1941	1,550
August 1942	1,550



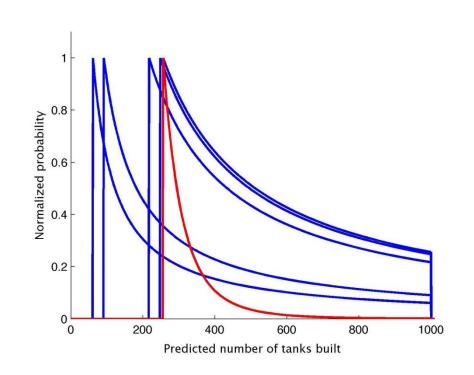
(assuming tanks are numbered sequentially)

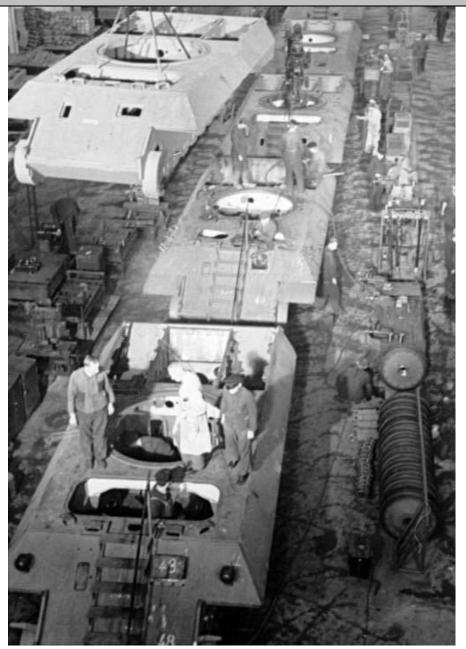


Month	Intelligence estimate
June 1940	1,000
June 1941	1,550
August 1942	1,550

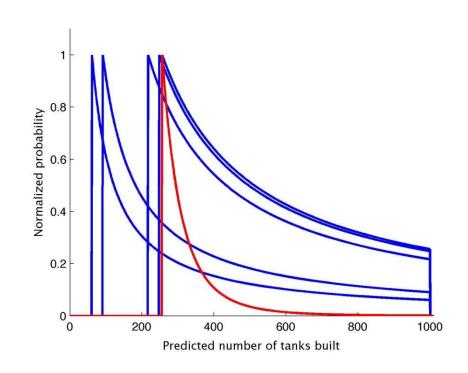


Month	Statistical estimate	Intelligence estimate
June 1940	169	1,000
June 1941	244	1,550
August 1942	327	1,550





Month	Statistical estimate	Intelligence estimate	German records
June 1940	169	1,000	122
June 1941	244	1,550	271
August 1942	327	1,550	342

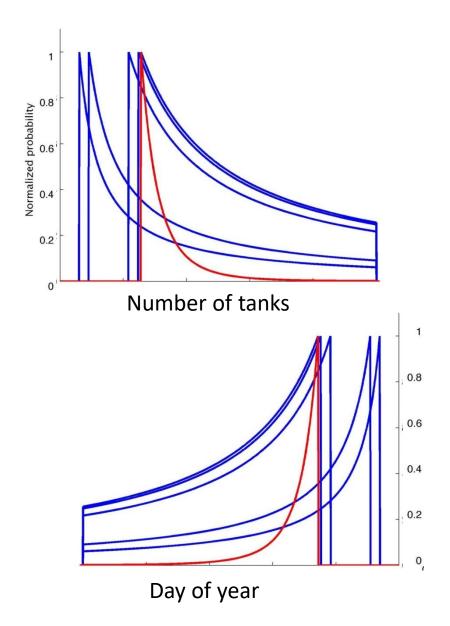




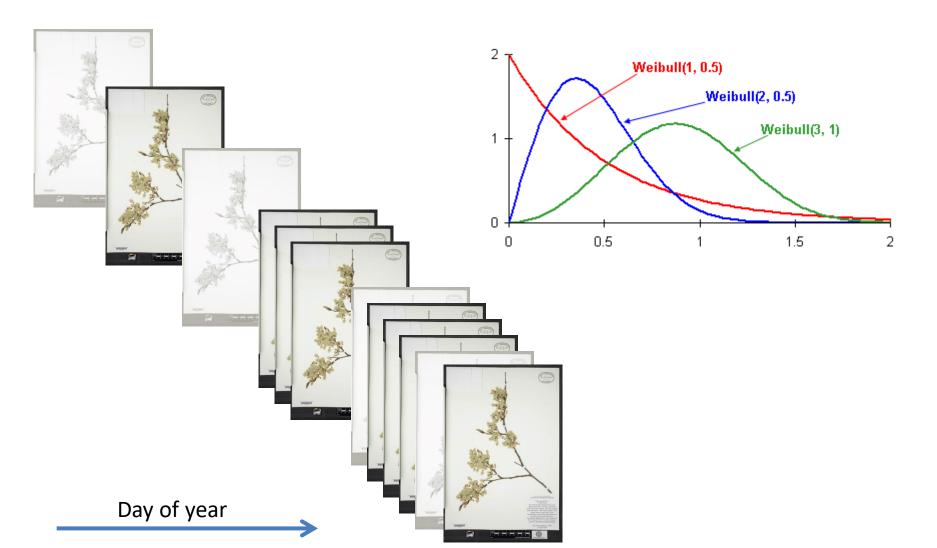
Herbarium specimens equivalent to observations of defeated tanks





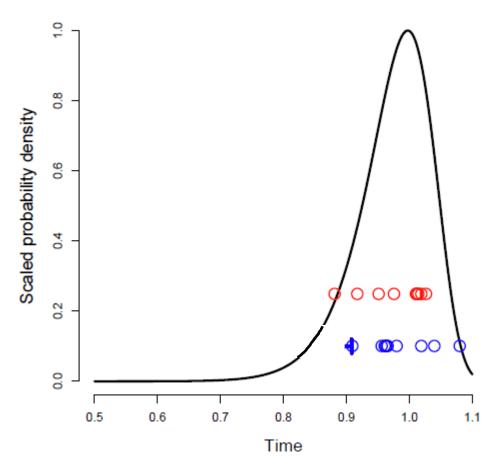


Herbarium specimens equivalent to observations of defeated tanks



Herbarium specimens equivalent to observations of defeated tanks or dodo sightings

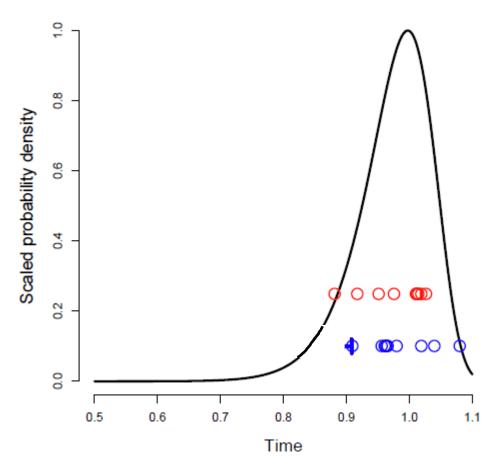




Two random draws (red and blue) from the same distribution (in black)

Herbarium specimens equivalent to observations of defeated tanks or dodo sightings

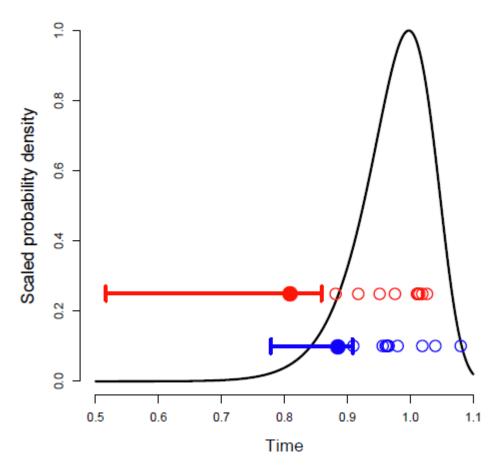




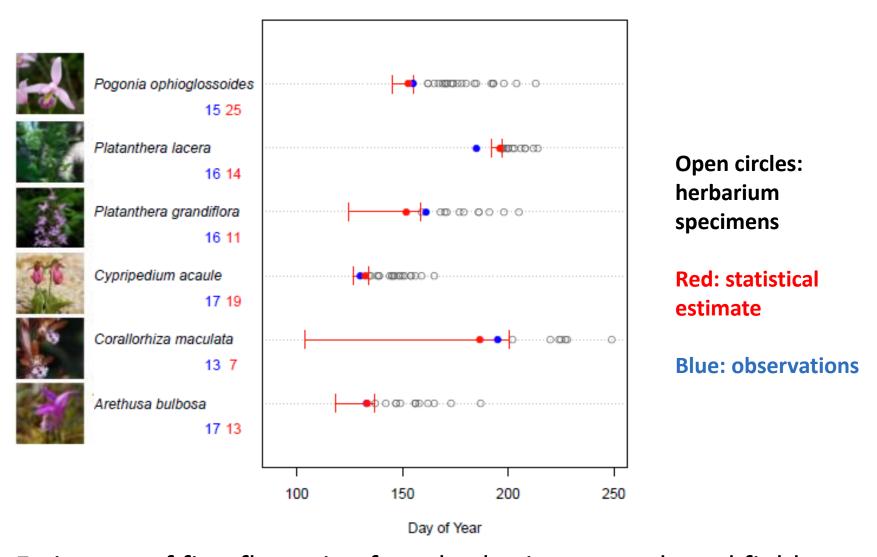
Two random draws (red and blue) from the same distribution (in black)

Herbarium specimens equivalent to observations of defeated tanks or dodo sightings





Two random draws (red and blue) from the same distribution (in black)



Estimates of first flowering from herbarium records and field surveys (Thoreau's Woods, MA) 1853-1903

Thanks to:

Emily Meineke (Harvard University)
Charles Davis (Harvard University)
Richard Primack (Boston University)
David Inouye (University of Maryland)



Power analysis:

Percentage of simulations where the 95% confidence intervals of our estimate overlapped the true value.

